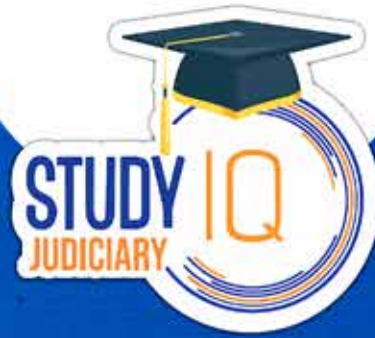




NEW YEAR JUDICIARY LIVE FOUNDATION BATCH

Features

Exclusive Special Kit

Monthly Mocks
(Online + Offline)

Double Validity Offer



2nd Jan '25



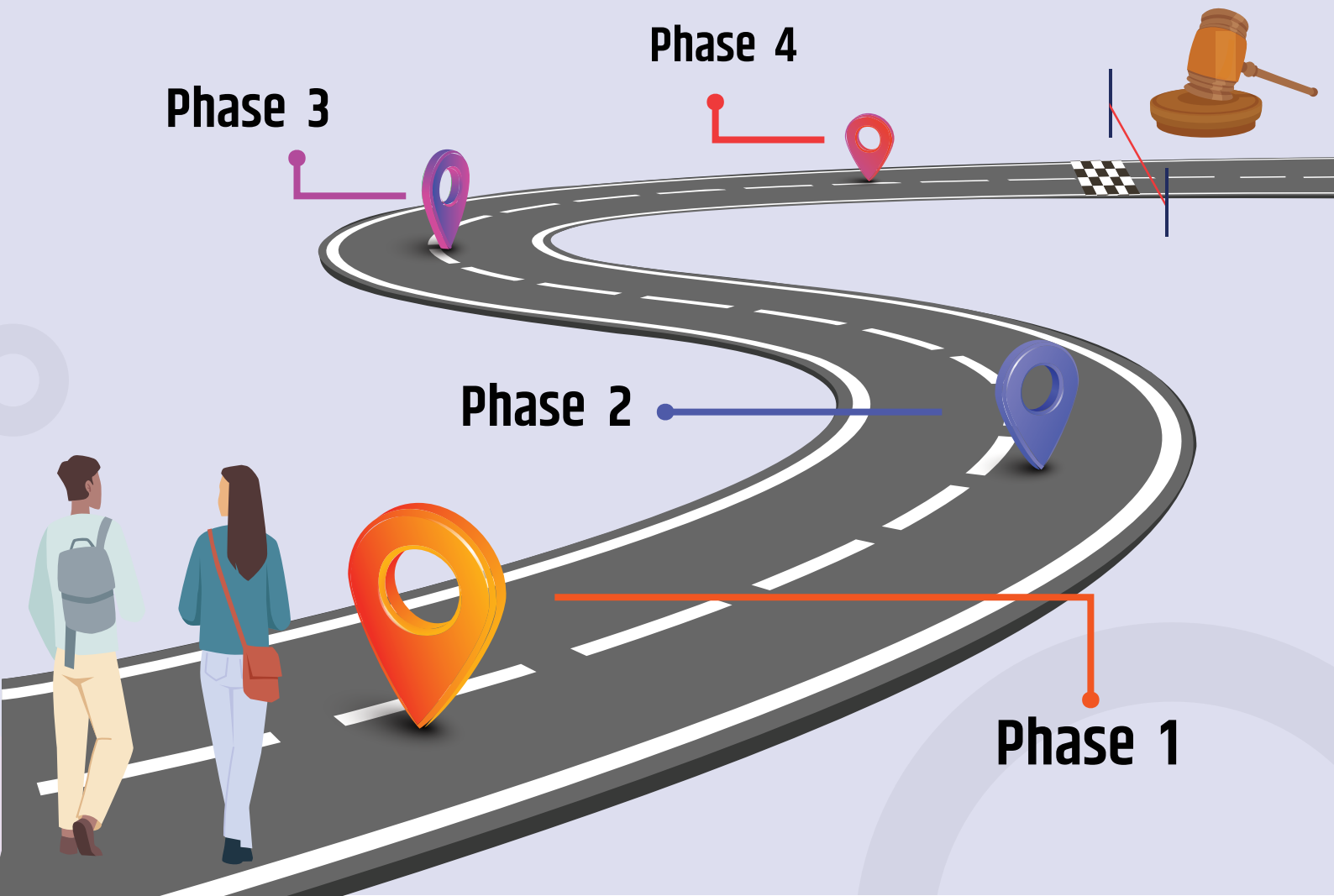
4:00 PM



About Batch

In this exclusive batch course, Aachman Shekhar, Arjita Chaturvedi , Apurva Sharma, Apoorva Purohit, Aman Patidar, Pawan , Abhinav Goswami, Amit Anand, Nishank Agrawal, Divyanshi Chandra and Shashank Yadav will help you prepare for the Judiciary Exams. Courses will be covered in Hinglish, with notes provided in both English and Hindi, making this batch a comprehensive solution for clear concept understanding and thorough preparation.

Your Journey With Us





100% Success Assurance: If you do not clear the exam, you will receive an additional Double validity free of cost.

Attendance Requirement: 70% to 80% attendance in classes is required to be eligible for the success assurance*

Syllabus

IPC(BNS)

Evidence Act(BSA)

Cr.PC(BNSS)

CPC

Contract Act

Constitution

Hindu Law

General Studies

Muslim Law

TPA

Jurisprudence & Law of Torts

SRA & Registration Act

Limitation Act

Negotiable Instruments Act

Interpretation Of Statutes + Arbitration

+

English + Hindi Language

+

Local Laws (15 States)

***This is not schedule of the batch, this is the subject list**

Key Features

01

1500+ Hours Of
Live Sessions

Mains Specific
Notes

02

03

One to one
Mentorship

100% Success
Assurance*

04

05

Double Validty

Get 50% or
150% Refund*

06



Features:

01 LIVE CLASSES

-1100+ Hours of live classes
- Live doubt solving

02 ONE TO ONE MENTORSHIP

Clearing doubts of students throughout the journey from Prelims to Interview.

03 LECTURE NOTES

-Hand Written Notes: Hindi & English
-Crux : Hindi & English

04 DAILY MCQ PRACTICE

10-20 Objective questions (Hindi & English) from the topics covered in Daily classes.

05 WEEKLY ANSWER WRITING

Mains Questions, Model Answers and their Evaluation are provided weekly for students.

06 CURRENT AFFAIRS

- Weekly Live classes.
- Monthly Current Affairs Magazine

07 100% SUCCESS ASSURANCE*

GET 50% O 150 %
REFUND *

09 DOUBLE VALIDITY

ENGLISH AND HINDI
LANGUAGE CLASSES

11

TEST SERIES

6 Mocks for both Prelims and Mains.

13

10

COMPLETE GENERAL
STUDIES

12

SIP: ALL STATES' INCLUDED

Crash Courses launched for all the states covered included in the batch until the validity of the course.

14

PREPARATION FOR
INTERVIEWS

Students will be provided Interview Guidance through Mock interview sessions conducted by Retired Judges and Senior Advocates.

Local Laws of Following States:

01 | Uttar Pradesh

02 | Uttarakhand

03 | Maharashtra

04 | Bihar

05 | Himachal Pradesh

06 | Gujarat

07 | Delhi

08 | Punjab

09 | Chhattisgarh

10 | Haryana

11 | Madhya Pradesh

12 | Jharkhand

13 | Rajasthan

14 | West Bengal

15 | Odisha

Our Faculties



Arjita Chaturvedi

- LLB from Symbiosis Law School , Pune.
- Former Advocate in Bombay High Court.
- 7 years of teaching experience.



Apurva Sharma

- LLB (Hons.) from Aligarh Muslim University.
- Former Advocate in Delhi High Court.
- 5 years of teaching experience.



Pawan

- Former Bihar APO (RANK-22)
- B.A.LL.B)
- Qualified UGC-NET (Law)



Apoorva Purohit

- **BA LL.B**
- **LL.M**



Aman Patidar

- BA LL.B , LL.M
- Major Laws + Minor Laws



Rekha Rathore

- LL.B. , LL.M. , NET Qualified
- 8 years teaching experience



Amit Anand

- B.A LLB (Hons.)
- 5+ Years of Teaching Experience
- 5000+ Students Mentored



Nishank Agrawal

- 5+ years of Experience
- LL.B. LL.M.(Criminal Law), NET Qualified (Twice)
- 1000+ Students Mentored



Divyanshi Chandra

- B.A.L.L.B. (Hons.), L.L.M. (Criminology)
- Expert in Major & Minor Laws
- 7+ Years of Teaching experience (Online)



Shashank Yadav

- 7 Years of Teaching Experience
- LLM (Constitutional Law)
- Mentored 1000+ Students for Judiciary and CLAT Exams

Group Mentors

Group mentorship is designed to help the students to calibrate their personality and be ready to face the interview boards. Personal experience of officers and retired Judges will help the aspirants in aligning their mindset to the nature and ethos of Judicial service.



Aachman Shekhar
HJS Topper (Rank 19)



Mr. Pawan
Former Bihar APO
(Rank-22)



Mohit Jindal

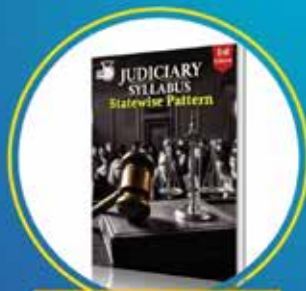


Jasmeet Singh

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All States' Judiciary**



**Defined Flow Charts
of Major Subjects**



**LEGAL IQ
Monthly Magazine**



Handwritten Notes

Q) Difference between Financial statements of parties and business statements of business

Previous statement of police	Previous statement of witness
Section 29(1) & 11(1)(b)	They do not fall under s. 11(1)(b)
(i) Previous statements of police are known as admissions	(i) Statements of witness are not admissions
(ii) These admissions are relevant	(ii) They are not relevant but because they do not fall from s. 5 - 50.
(iii) They are not admissible evidence	(iii) They are not admissible evidence. Only purpose is -
because it helps to prove relevant fact	(iv) Corroboration
	(v) Impair the credibility of witness

eg- A slapped B

B said - A slapped me
A said - I did not slap him
C correct as is universal

* Admission is a statement which suggest the inference as to the fact in issue or relevant fact (S. 13)

* Confusion is an admission of accused which suggest only one inference i.e., the guilt of accused in terms of offence.

3) Confession must be read as a whole. (no particular format)

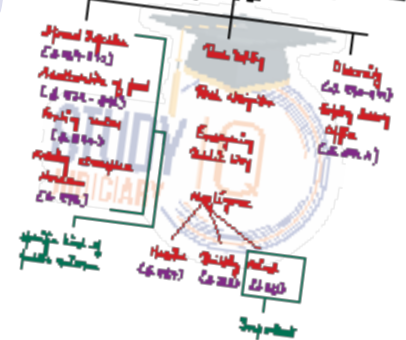


"Culp" -

Inculpatory Part - which suggest inference of guilt
Exculpatory Part - which suggest inference of innocence

* A confession must have only Inculpatory statement.
If a statement also have exculpatory part then it won't be a confession.

Chapter 204
Differences among Radioactive, Magnetic, and
Density of Matter

[illegible][illegible]

MCQs for practice

14:33

JDJGJSHY PRP - MANSU LIVE POUHNTAT ...

4m35s +1.0 -0.0

Question Mark for Review

Which the scope of Section 162(2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?

To make a dying declaration and to make any statement from being affected by the provisions of section 10.

To require a witness to sign their statement.

To ensure that the witness speaks the truth without.

To allow the court to call on the witness if they are not free to retract the same statement in court.

Submit Test Save & Next

14:36

JDJGJSHY PRP - MANSU LIVE POUHNTAT ...

11.0 -0.0

Question

If an offender is sentenced to an imprisonment for a term extending over year, the term of solitary confinement shall not exceed:-

One month

Two months

Three months

No limit

Explanation :

Test

14:34

JDJGJSHY PRP - MANSU LIVE POUHNTAT ...

11.0 -0.0

Question

Which is true regarding statement under Section 162 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?

The witness must sign the statement if they want it to be admissible in court.

Statements made under Section 162 can be used for any purpose in the inquiry or trial, except a confession.

The witness must sign the statement if they want to withdraw the prosecution.

The witness must sign the statement if they are not free during the trial.

Explanation :

Test

The CruX logo, featuring the word "CruX" in white, bold, sans-serif font on a blue rounded rectangular background.

If a person voluntarily fouls the water of any public spring or reservoir, he shall be punished under this section.

The section includes:

- 

Essentials of Section 278 of Indian Penal Code, 1860 in points:

- Section 278 deals with the offence of making the atmosphere noxious to health by voluntarily emitting or spilling it in any place.
- The place can be public or private, but it must affect the health of persons in general who dwell, work or pass by in the vicinity.
- The act of violating the atmosphere must be done intentionally and not by accident or negligence.
- The punishment for this offence is a fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.
- This section is intended to protect the public health, safety and convenience from environmental pollution and nuisance.

In negligence, undoubtedly there is no intention or desire for a particular consequence. The event happens without any premeditation on the part of the doer. There is invariably an overhasty act done without due deliberation and

Section 273 makes the sale of noxious food or drink an offence. More clarification is not an offence under this section. The definition should be of such a nature as to make the food or drink noxious. Further, it should also be established that that such noxious food or drink is intended to be sold either by the accused himself or somebody else. What is made punishable under this section is sale of noxious articles as food or drink and not the mere sale of noxious article. The expression 'noxious as food' means unwholesome as a food or injurious to health. It does not mean repugnant to one's feelings. Therefore, mixing of food mixing of pig's fat with egg and selling the mixture does not render the article as noxious as food though it may be noxious to the religious feelings of some sections of the public.

Under this section adulteration of drugs is punished. The purpose of this section is to preserve the purity of drugs for medicinal purposes. It is sufficient if the efficiency of the drug is lessened. The offence is punishable with six months of imprisonment or with fine or both. Under section 275 IPC.

Section 276 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, deals with the offence of sale of adulterated drugs. According to this section,

- L. whoever knowingly sells, or offers or exposes for sale, or issues from a dispensary for medicinal purposes,

It shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.



- **Extra Judicial Confession** - Confessions are made either to the police or to any other person other than judges and Magistrates as such, it is considered **weak evidence** because it is not made in a controlled legal environment and may be subject to coercion, manipulation, or misrepresentation.
 - ➔ **Corroboration is required.** This means that the confession alone is not enough for conviction, it must be supported by other evidence.
 - ➔ **A retraced confession, if proved to be voluntarily made,** can be relied upon along with the other evidence in case there is no legal requirement, that a retraced confession must be supported by independent reliable evidence corroborating it, is material particular. The use to be made of such a confession is a matter of evidence rather than of law. So, a confession is not to be regarded as trustworthy merely because it is retraced later on.
 - ➔ "When a confession is considered to be relevant in a criminal case, there are certain conditions that must be met. For instance, if there is any inducement, threat, or promise made, the confession must be made after the impression of that has been fully removed.
 - ➔ Additionally, the confession cannot be made to a police officer, but it can be made in the presence of a Magistrate when the accused is in police custody. Before recording a confession, it is essential to warn the person making it that it will be used against them as this is a fundamental principle of criminal justice."
 - ➔ If an accused person voluntarily confesses to a crime, that confession is generally admissible as evidence because, if the confession is obtained under duress, coercion, or in violation of the accused's rights, it may be considered **voidable** of Article 20(3). The accused cannot be compelled to confess against will. Article 20(3) of the Indian Constitution Article 20(3) of the Indian Constitution provides protection against self-incrimination. This provision is a fundamental safeguard in criminal procedure, ensuring fairness and justice.



- भारतीय राज्य अधिनियम , 2023

- > भारतीय राज्य अधिनियम 2023- धारा 138: सचिव धारा 119 इच्छते (b) (सह अग्रणी)

डा. अनामिका-

सह अपराधी वह व्यक्ति होता है जो अपराध करने में अभियुक्त को सहायता देता है। सह अपराधी भय के एकाग्रता तहत अभियुक्त से नहीं हो पाएँ है, इसलिए इससे संबंधित मामला भारतीय सख्य अभियुक्त 2023 दिया गया है।

यह व्यक्ति जो अन्धधर्म से मुक्तपथ का ज्ञान प्राप्त करे, अन्धधर्म का पालन रखने के लिए अन्धधर्म से शामिल होता है, यह अन्धधर्म से मुक्त पथ का ज्ञान प्राप्त करे, अन्धधर्म का पालन रखने के लिए अन्धधर्म से शामिल होता है।

भारतीय न्याय अभिलेख 1872 - पृष्ठा 133, उपरिष्ठ पृष्ठा 134 इत्यादि (b) (7)(C) अधिनियम

- पारा 155 के अंतर्गत दो सिखायी का उपलब्ध किया गया है -
- (a) अतिमुक्त के विद्युत प्रकाश जब अपराधी स्वयं गवाह होता
 - (b) कोई अभियुक्त केवल एक आधार पर अर्थात् गवाही ही जानी है कि वह किसी एक अपराधी के अपने अनुपस्थित के आधार पर की गई है।
- पारा 154 के अन्तर्गत किसी राज्य को सक्षित करने के लिए गवाही की किसी विधिगत संस्था का होगा आवश्यक बनना।

अतः किन्हीं परिस्थितियों में एक लक्ष्य भी पर्याप्त हो सकता है और उसके बचाने के आधार पर छोटी छड़या जा सकता है और ऐसा समझना सही अथवा गलत भी हो सकता है।

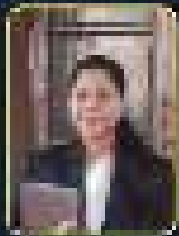
संप्रति: यह अपराधी के सामने को न्यायालय संदेह की दृष्टि से देखता है क्योंकि यह बात सत्य है कि कोई चाले से कार्यकृत उत्पन्न किसी अन्य कार्यकृत उत्पन्न की संप्रति नहीं कर सकता।



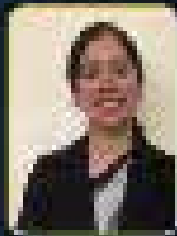
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MEET OUR TOPPERS

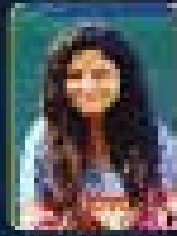
150+ Judges all over India



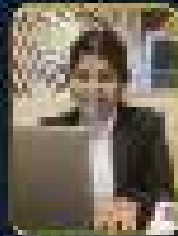
Agnita Mittal



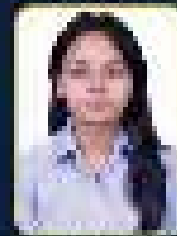
Anshu Singhania



Anshika Gupta



Anshika Gupta



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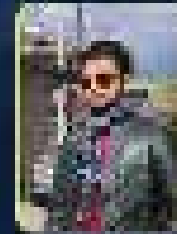
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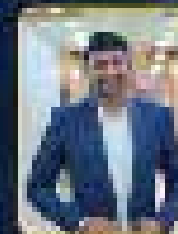
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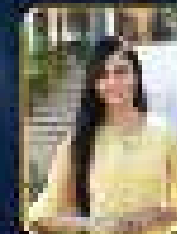
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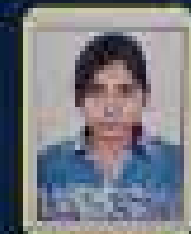
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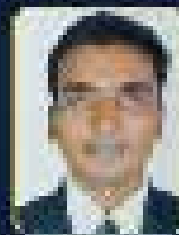
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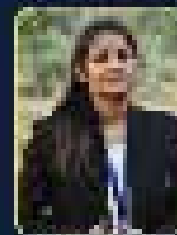
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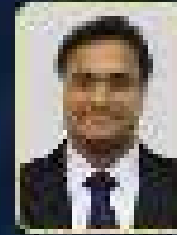
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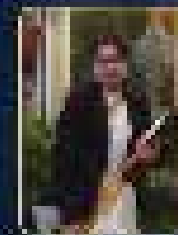
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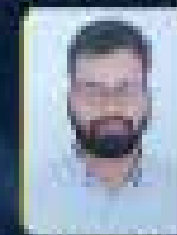
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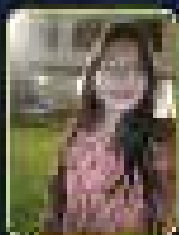
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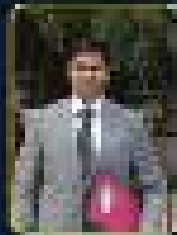
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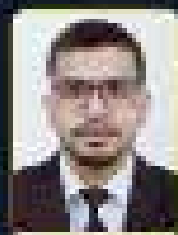
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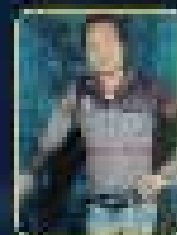
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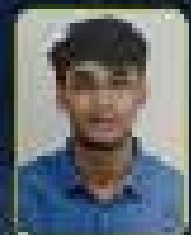
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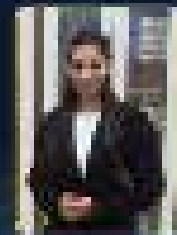
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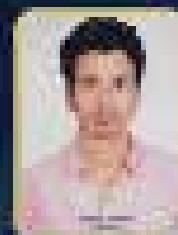
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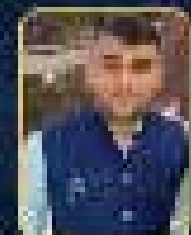
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And many more

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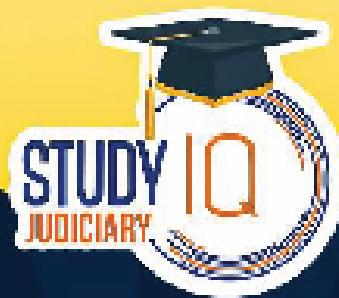
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Ghufrana Naaz t
Rank 2 (EBC)

Farha Nishat
Rank - 8 (BC)

Brijesh Kumar
Rank 12

Habiba Bukhari
Rank 30

10+ Selections in BPSC-J 2024



15+ SELECTIONS IN HJS 2024



Rakesh Kumar



Aachman Shekhar



Vartika Misra



Tanuj Handuja



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**To All the Selected Candidates
We are Proud of You!**