

एकलव्य Judiciary Foundation Batch

#Feesrefund + Success Assurance*

Clear Pre -

Get 50% Refund

Clear Judiciary -

Get 150% Refund

Success
Assurance* -

1 Yr. Extra Validity



Admissions Closing on 31st July '24 | 4:00 PM



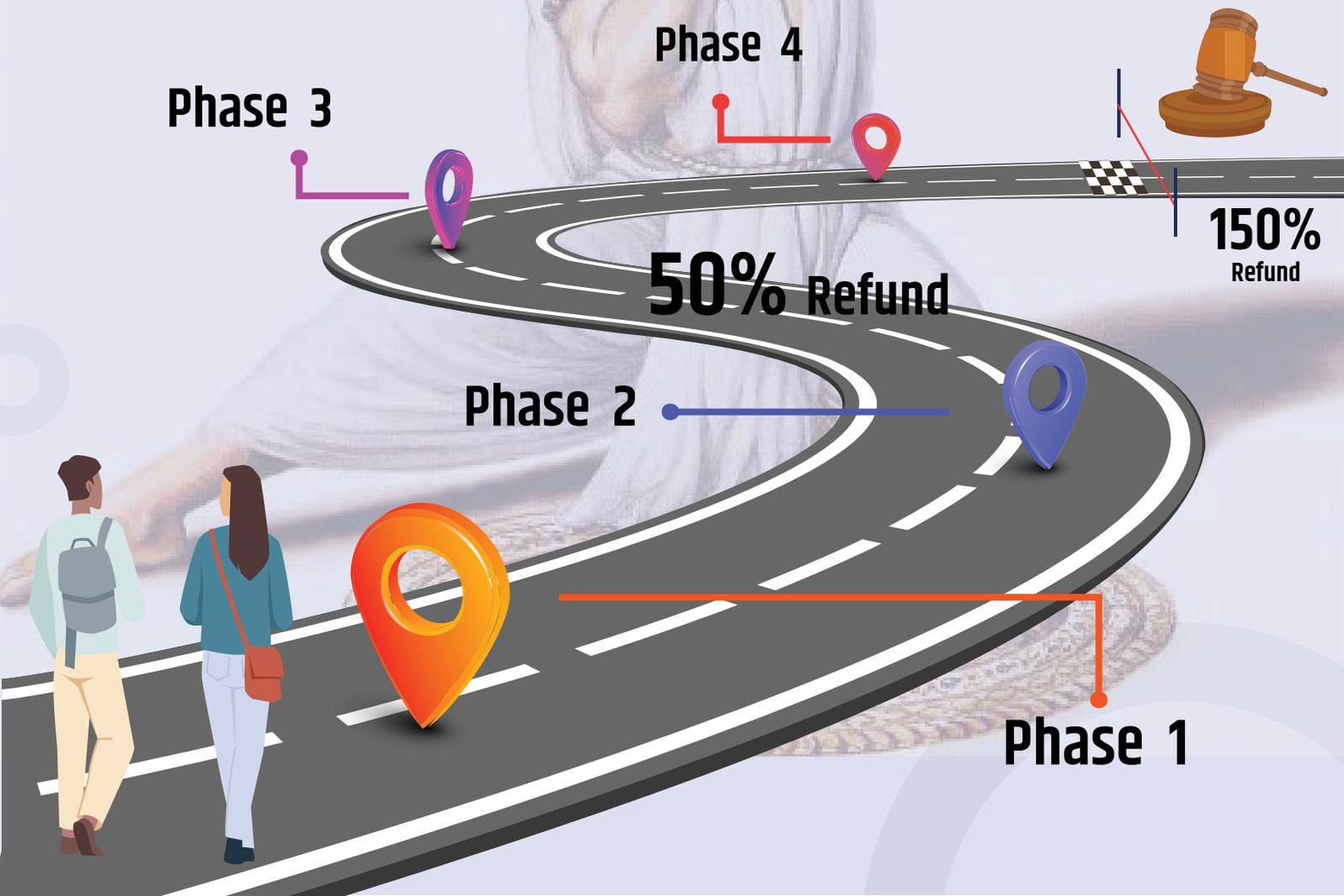
About Batch

In this exclusive batch course, Arjita Chaturvedi , Nisha Lamba, Apurva Sharma, Apoorva Purohit, Sandeep R. Khatri, Pawan , Abhinav Goswami, and Praveen Kumar will help you prepare for the Judiciary Exams. Learners will benefit from over 1500+ live sessions, offering exhaustive coverage of all topics, including periodic doubt-clearing sessions for each subject to ensure exam readiness. Courses will be covered in Hinglish, with notes provided in both English and Hindi, making this batch a comprehensive solution for clear concept understanding and thorough preparation.

Neev Foundation Batch is a one-stop solution for all aspirants, offering a 100% success assurance. If you do not clear the exam, you will be given a 1-year free extension for your preparation.



Your Journey With Us



**Foundation
Phase**

**Success
Assurance***

**Prelims
Phase**

SUCCESS

**Interview
Phase**

**Mains
Phase**

Clear Pre in 24th months get 50% Refund

Clear Judiciary in 24th months get 150% Refund

100% Success Assurance: If you do not clear the exam, you will receive an additional 1-year validity free of cost.

Attendance Requirement: 70% to 80% attendance in classes is required to be eligible for the success assurance*.

Syllabus

IPC(BNS)

Evidence Act(BSA)

Cr.PC(BNSS)

CPC

Contract Act

Constitution

Hindu Law

General Studies

Muslim Law

TPA

Jurisprudence & Law of Torts

SRA & Registration Act

Limitation Act

Negotiable Instruments Act

Interpretation Of Statutes + Arbitration

+

English + Hindi Language

+

Local Laws (15 States)

***This is not schedule of the batch, this is the subject list**

Key Features

01

1500+ Hours Of
Live Sessions

Mains Specific
Notes

02

03

One to one
Mentorship

100% Success
Assurance*

04

05

1 year
Extra Validity

Get 50% or 150%
Refund*

02

Features:

01 LIVE CLASSES

-1100+ Hours of live classes
- Live doubt solving

02 ONE TO ONE MENTORSHIP

Clearing doubts of students throughout the journey from Prelims to Interview.

01

02

03

03 LECTURE NOTES

-Hand Written Notes: Hindi & English
-Crux : Hindi & English

04 DAILY MCQ PRACTICE

10-20 Objective questions (Hindi & English) from the topics covered in Daily classes.

04

05

05 WEEKLY ANSWER WRITING

Mains Questions, Model Answers and their Evaluation are provided weekly for students.

06 CURRENT AFFAIRS

- Weekly Live classes.
- Monthly Current Affairs Magazine

06

07

07 100% SUCCESS ASSURANCE*

GET 50% O 150 %
REFUND *

08

09

09 1-YEAR EXTRA VALIDITY

**ENGLISH AND HINDI
LANGUAGE CLASSES**

11

TEST SERIES

6 Mocks for both Prelims and Mains.

13

10

**COMPLETE GENERAL
STUDIES**

12

SIP: ALL STATES' INCLUDED

Crash Courses launched for all the states covered included in the batch until the validity of the course.

14

**PREPARATION FOR
INTERVIEWS**

Students will be provided Interview Guidance through Mock interview sessions conducted by Retired Judges and Senior Advocates.

Local Laws of Following States:

01 | Uttar Pradesh

02 | Uttarakhand

03 | Maharashtra

04 | Bihar

05 | Himachal Pradesh

06 | Gujarat

07 | Delhi

08 | Punjab

09 | Chhattisgarh

10 | Haryana

11 | Madhya Pradesh

12 | Jharkhand

13 | Rajasthan

14 | West Bengal

15 | Odisha

Our Faculties



Praveen Kumar

- LLB from CLC, Delhi University.
- Former Judge (DJS) and HCS Officer.



Arjita Chaturvedi

- LLB from Symbiosis Law School , Pune.
- Former Advocate in Bombay High Court.
7 years of teaching experience.



Apurva Sharma

- LLB (Hons.) from Aligarh Muslim University.
- Former Advocate in Delhi High Court.
5 years of teaching experience.



Abhinav Goswami

- LLB from CLC, Delhi University.
- LLM with Distinction from King's College , London.
- Ph.D in Law , Faculty of Law (CLC, DU)



Pawan

- Former Bihar APO (RANK-22)
- B.A.LL.B)
- Qualified UGC-NET (Law)



Apoorva Purohit

- **BA LL.B**
- **LL.M**



Nisha Lamba

- LLB from Law Centre-2.
- Experience as Faculty of Law , Delhi University.



Sandeep R. Khatri

- LLB , University of Mumbai
- Practising Advocate at Delhi High Court.
- 7 years of experience as Law Faculty.

Group Mentors

Group mentorship is designed to help the students to calibrate their personality and be ready to face the interview boards. Personal experience of officers and retired Judges will help the aspirants in aligning their mindset to the nature and ethos of Judicial service.



Mr. Praveen Kumar

Former Judge,
DJS Cleared DJS in 2019
Secured Rank 8

He will be interacting with our
students of Judiciary Live
Foundation Batch.

He has successfully guided
Various toppers during the
last few years.



Mohit Jindal



Jasmeet Singh

Handwritten Notes

② Difference between Positive statements of parties and Inculpatory statements of witness

Positive statement of parties	Positive statement of witness
Section 143(a) & 143(b)	They do not fall under S. 143(a)
(a) Positive statements of parties are known as admissions	(a) Statements given by them are not admissions
(b) These admissions are relevant facts	(b) They are not relevant facts because they do not fall under S. 5-50.
(c) These are substantive evidence because it helps to prove relevant facts	(c) They are not substantive evidence. Only purpose is - (i) to corroborate (ii) Contradiction (iii) Impair the credibility of witness

eg- A stopped B
B said - A stopped me
A said - B did not stop him
C comes as a witness

* Admission is a statement which suggest the inference as to the fact in issue or relevant fact (S. 17)

* Confession is an admission of accused which suggest only one inference i.e. the guilt of accused in terms of offence.

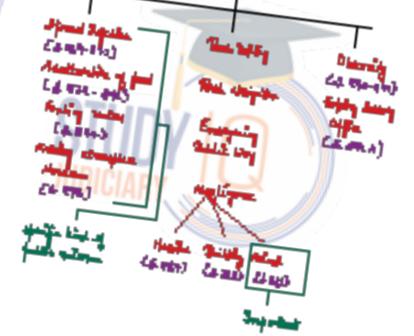
⇒ Confession must be read as a whole. (no particular format)



Inculpatory Part - which suggest Inference of guilt
Exculpatory Part - which suggest Inference of Innocence

→ A confession must have only inculpatory statement. If a statement also have exculpatory part then it won't be a confession.

Chapter 204 Offences affecting Public peace, decency, Commerce, Property & Honor



Handwritten notes in Hindi, likely discussing legal principles or definitions related to the topics above.

Handwritten notes in Hindi, likely discussing legal principles or definitions related to the topics above.

MCQs for practice

14:33

QUESTION 399 - MARKS: LIVE POINTS ...

4m35s +1.0 -0.0

Question Mark for Review

Which the purpose of Section 142(2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?

- A To make filing statement and a sworn statement from being allowed by the prosecution at a trial.
- B To require a witness to sign their statement.
- C To ensure that the witness signs the statement.
- D To allow the prosecution to use the statement if they are not able to produce the same in court.

Submit Test Save & Next

14:36

QUESTION 400 - MARKS: LIVE POINTS ...

11.0 -0.0

Question

If an offender is sentenced to an imprisonment for a term extending one year, the term of salary and wages shall not exceed:-

- A One month
- B Two months
- C Three months
- D Not limit

Explanation :

Test

14:34

QUESTION 399 - MARKS: LIVE POINTS ...

11.0 -0.0

Question

Which statement regarding a statement under Section 162 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?

- A The witness must sign the statement if they want it to be admissible in court.
- B Statements made under Section 161 can be used for any purpose in the inquiry or trial, if any, of a case.
- C The witness must sign the statement if they want to withdraw the prosecution.
- D The witness must sign the statement if they are unable during the trial.

Explanation :

Test

For All Aspirants

To get help from our experts

- Free Counselling Session
- Free Mentorship Program
- Free Career Guidance

Reach out on the given number:



080-4980-1290

Price: ~~₹70,000~~

₹32,625

Use Code

JUDICIARY

To get maximum discount

Enroll Now: 080-4980-1290 contact@studyiq.com