

# एकलव्य 5.0

## • JUDICIARY • FOUNDATION BATCH

**Clear Pre**  
**Get 50% Refund**

**Clear Judiciary**  
**Get 150% Refund**

**Success Assurance**  
**1 Yr. Extra Validity**



Batch Starting on 12<sup>th</sup> March 2025 | For the information call **76-4000-3000**





# About Batch

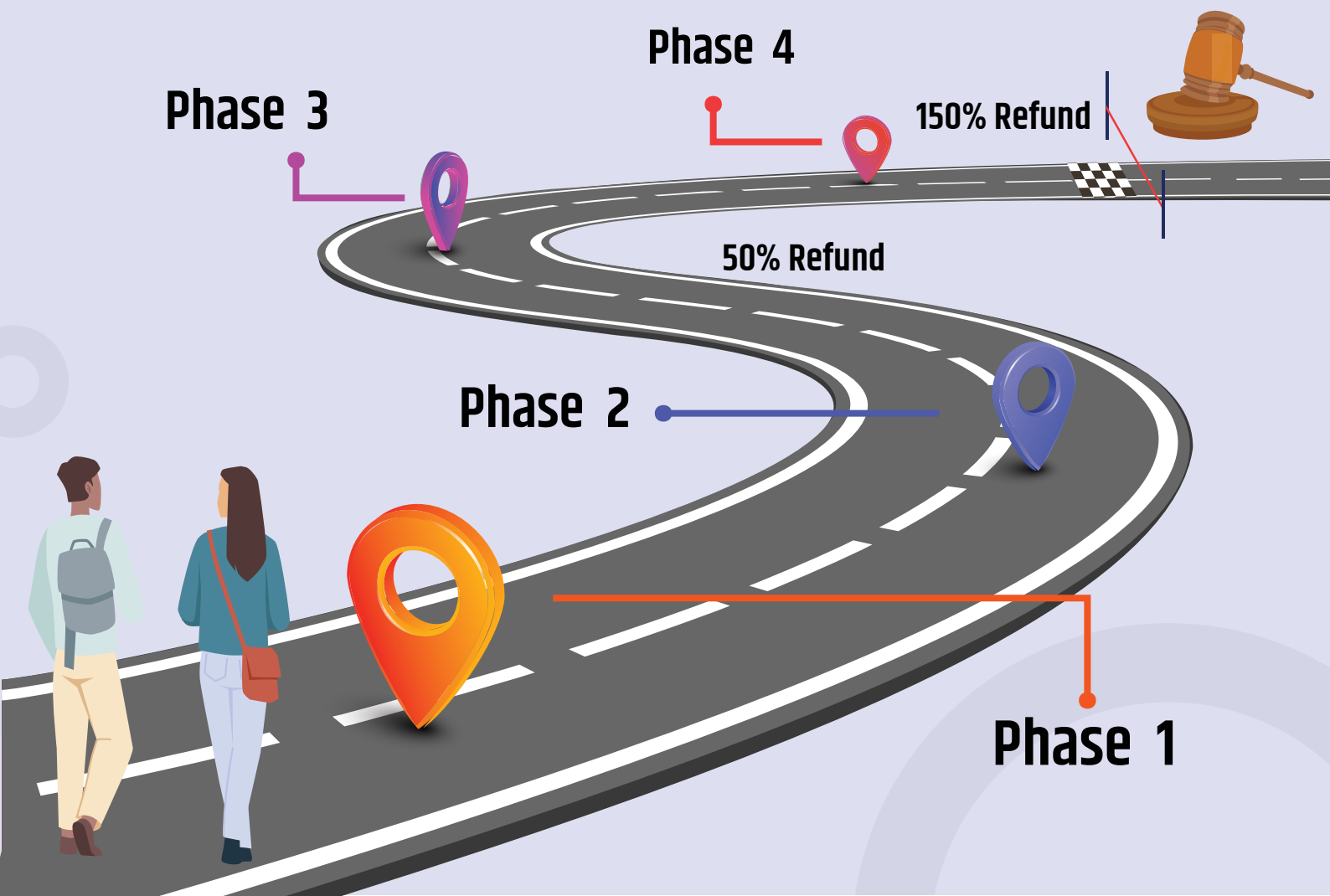
In this exclusive batch course, Aachman Shekhar, Arijita Chaturvedi , Apurva Sharma, Apoorva Purohit, Pawan , Abhinav Goswami, Amit Anand, Nishank Agrawal, Divyanshi Chandra and Shashank Yadav will help you prepare for the Judiciary Exams.

Courses will be covered in Hinglish, with notes provided in both English and Hindi, making this batch a comprehensive solution for clear concept understanding and thorough preparation.





# Your Journey With Us







**Clear Pre in 24th months get 50% Refund**

**Clear Judiciary in 24th months get 150% Refund**

**100% Success Assurance:** If you do not clear the exam, you will receive an additional 1-year validity free of cost.

**Attendance Requirement:** 70% to 80% attendance in classes is required to be eligible for the success assurance\*



# Syllabus

IPC(BNS)

Evidence Act(BSA)

Cr.PC(BNSS)

CPC

Contract Act

Constitution

Hindu Law

General Studies

Muslim Law

TPA

Jurisprudence & Law of Torts

SRA & Registration Act

Limitation Act

Negotiable Instruments Act

Interpretation Of Statutes + Arbitration

+

English + Hindi Language

+

Local Laws (15 States)

**\*This is not schedule of the batch, this is the subject list**



# Key Features



**1500+ Hours of Live Sessions**



**Mains Specific Notes**



**One to one Mentorship**



**100% Success Assurance\***



**1 year live Validity**



**Get 50% or 150% Refund\***



**Free Crash Course of 16 States**



# Features:





ENGLISH AND HINDI  
LANGUAGE CLASSES

11

TEST SERIES

6 Mocks for both Prelims and Mains.

13

10

Complete General  
Studies

12

SIP: ALL STATES' INCLUDED

Crash Courses launched for all the states covered included in the batch until the validity of the course.

14

PREPARATION FOR  
INTERVIEWS

Students will be provided Interview Guidance through Mock interview sessions conducted by Retired Judges and Senior Advocates.

## Local Laws of Following States:

01 | Uttar Pradesh

02 | Uttarakhand

03 | Maharashtra

04 | Bihar

05 | Himachal Pradesh

06 | Gujarat

07 | Delhi

08 | Punjab

09 | Chhattisgarh

10 | Haryana

11 | Madhya Pradesh

12 | Jharkhand

13 | Rajasthan

14 | West Bengal

15 | Odisha

16 | Jammu & Kashmir



# Our Faculties



**Arjita Chaturvedi**

- LLB from Symbiosis Law School , Pune.
- Former Advocate in Bombay High Court.
- 7 years of teaching experience.



**Apurva Sharma**

- LLB (Hons.) from Aligarh Muslim University.
- Former Advocate in Delhi High Court.
- 5 years of teaching experience.



**Pawan Varshney**

- Former A.P.O (Rank 22)
- Ph.D in LAW
- Qualified UGC-NET (Law)
- 10 years of teaching experience.



**Apoorva Purohit**

- **BA LL.B**
- **LL.M**



**Rekha Rathore**

- LL.B. , LL.M. , NET Qualified
- 8 years teaching experience



**Amit Anand**

- B.A LLB (Hons.)
- 5+ Years of Teaching Experience
- 5000+ Students Mentored



**Nishank Agrawal**

- 5+ years of Experience
- LL.B. LL.M.(Criminal Law), NET Qualified (Twice)
- 1000+ Students Mentored



**Divyanshi Chandra**

- B.A.LLB. (Hons.), LL.M. (Criminology)
- Expert in Major & Minor Laws
- 7+ Years of Teaching experience (Online)



**Shashank Yadav**

- 7 Years of Teaching Experience
- LLM (Constitutional Law)
- Mentored 1000+ Students for Judiciary and CLAT Exams



# Group Mentors

Group mentorship is designed to help the students to calibrate their personality and be ready to face the interview boards. Personal experience of officers and retired Judges will help the aspirants in aligning their mindset to the nature and ethos of Judicial service.



**Aachman Shekhar**  
**HJS Topper (Rank 19)**



**Mr. Pawan Varshney**  
Former A.P.O (Rank 22)  
Ph.D in LAW  
Qualified UGC-NET (Law)  
10 years of teaching experience.



**Mohit Jindal**



**Jasmeet Singh**



# Mentorship By



## **Mr. O.P. Saini (Retired DJS)**

- District & Session Judge-Cum-Special Judge CBI, Delhi (Retd.)
- B.Com., L.L.B., L.L.M.
- 28 years work experience in Delhi Judicial Service & Delhi Higher Judicial Service
- Topped Delhi Judicial Service Examination, 1990



# Handwritten Notes

② Difference between Previous statements of parties and previous statements of witness	
Previous statement of parties	Previous statement of witness
Section 32(1) & 14(1)(b)	They do not fall under s. 14(1)(b)
(i) Previous statements of parties are known as admissions and become as admissions	(i) Statements given by them are not admissions
(ii) These admissions are relevant	(ii) They are not relevant just because they do not fall from S. 32 - So.
(iii) There are substantive evidence	(iii) They are not substantive evidence. Only purpose is -
to prove or disprove relevant facts	(iv) to corroborate
	(v) Contradiction
	(vi) Impair the credibility of witness
	Case
	B.M.A

जब प्रश्न पूछा जाता है कि क्या यह सच है, तो जवाब यह होता है, हाँ।  
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# MCQs for practice

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JOSEPH PPR - MANSI LIVE PRACTICE

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Question Mark for Review

Which the scope of Section 162(2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?

To make any statement and to make any statement from being affected by the provisions of section 10.

To require a witness to sign their statement.

To ensure that the witness knows the truth or not.

To allow the court to call on the witness if they are not free to retract the same statement in court.

Submit Test Save & Next

14:36

JOSEPH PPR - MANSI LIVE PRACTICE

11.0 -0.0

Question

If an offender is sentenced to an imprisonment for a term extending one year, the term of solitary confinement shall not exceed:-

One month

Two months

Three months

No limit

Explanation :

Test

14:34

JOSEPH PPR - MANSI LIVE PRACTICE

11.0 -0.0

Question

Which is true regarding statement under Section 162 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?

The witness must sign the statement if they want it to be admissible in court.

Statements made under Section 161 can be used for any purpose in the inquiry or trial, except a final one.

The witness must sign the statement if they want to withdraw the prosecution.

The witness must sign the statement if they are not free during the trial.

Explanation :


Test



**Crux**

If a person voluntarily fouls the water of any public spring or reservoir, he shall be punished under this section.

The section includes:

- 

Essentials of Section 278 of Indian Penal Code, 1860 in points:

- Section 278 deals with the offence of making the atmosphere noxious to health by voluntarily emitting or spilling it in any place.
- The place can be public or private, but it must affect the health of persons in general who dwell, work or pass by in the vicinity.
- The act of violating the atmosphere must be done intentionally and not by accident or negligence.
- The punishment for this offence is a fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.
- This section is intended to protect the public health, safety and convenience from environmental pollution and nuisance.

In negligence, undoubtedly there is no intention or desire for a particular consequence. The event happens without any premeditation on the part of the doer. There is invariably an overhasty act done without due deliberation and

Section 273 makes the sale of noxious food or drink an offence. More clarification is not an offence under this section. The definition should be of such a nature as to make the food or drink noxious. Further, it should also be established that that such noxious food or drink is intended to be sold either by the accused himself or somebody else. What is made punishable under this section is sale of noxious articles as food or drink and not the mere sale of noxious article. The expression 'noxious as food' means unwholesome as a food or injurious to health. It does not mean repugnant to one's feelings. Therefore, mixing of food mixing of pig's fat with egg and selling the mixture does not render the article as noxious as food though it may be noxious to the religious feelings of some sections of the public.

Under this section adulteration of drugs is punished. The purpose of this section is to preserve the purity of drugs for medicinal purposes. It is sufficient if the efficiency of the drug is lessened. The offence is punishable with six months of imprisonment or with fine or both under section 275 IPC.

Section 276 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860, deals with the offence of sale of adulterated drugs. According to this section,

- i. whoever knowingly sells, or offers or exposes for sale, or issues from a dispensary for medicinal purposes,
- ii. any drug or medical preparation which has been adulterated,

It shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.



- (15) **Extra Judicial Confessions** - Confessions are made either to the police or to any other person other than judges and Magistrates as such. It is considered **weak evidence** because it is not made in a controlled legal environment and may be subject to coercion, manipulation, or misrepresentation.
  - **Corroboration is required.** This means that the confession alone is not enough for conviction, it must be supported by other evidence.
- **A retraced confession**, if proved to be voluntarily made, can be relied upon along with the other evidence in case and there is no legal requirement that a retraced confession must be supported by independent reliable evidence corroborating it. It is material particular. The use to be made of such a confession is a matter of evidence rather than of law. So, a confession is not to be regarded as inadmissible merely because it is retraced later on.
  - "When a confession is considered to be relevant in a criminal case, there are certain conditions that must be met. For instance, if there is any inducement, threat, or promise made, the confession must be made after the impression of that has been fully removed.
- Additionally, the confession cannot be made to a police officer, but it can be made in the presence of a Magistrate when the accused is in police custody. Before recording a confession, it is essential to warn the person making it that it will be used against them as this is a fundamental principle of criminal justice".
- If an accused person voluntarily confesses to a crime, that confession is generally admissible as evidence because, if the confession is obtained under duress, coercion, or violation of the accused's rights, it may be considered **void** under Article 20(3). The accused cannot be compelled to confess against their will. Article 20(3) of the Indian Constitution Article 20(3) of the Indian Constitution provides protection against self-incrimination. This provision is a fundamental safeguard in criminal procedure, ensuring fairness and justice.



- भारतीय राजपद अधिनियम, 2023

- > भारतीय राज्य अधिनियम 2023- धारा 138- संपर्कित धारा 119 इच्छित (b) (सह अग्रणी)

**सह. अध्यक्ष:-**

सह अगुवाई यह समिति होता है जो अपराध करने में अभियुक्त को सहयोग देता है। सह अगुवाई शब्द की परिभाषा सक्षम अभियन्ता में नहीं दी गई है, हालांकि इससे संबंधित पाठ्यक्रम भारतीय सक्षम अभियन्ता 2023 दिया गया है।

यह व्यक्ति जो अन्धधर्म से मुक्तपथ का ज्ञान प्राप्त करे, अन्धधर्म का पालन रखने के लिए अन्धधर्म से शामिल होता है, यह अन्धधर्म से मुक्त पथ का ज्ञान प्राप्त करे, अन्धधर्म का पालन रखने के लिए अन्धधर्म से शामिल होता है।

भारतीय न्याय अभिलेख 1872 - पृष्ठ 133, उपरिष्ठ पृष्ठ 134 इत्यादि (b) (7)(C) अधीन

- पारा 133 के अंतर्गत दो सिखायी का उपलब्ध किया गया है -
- (a) अतिमुक्त के विद्युत प्रकाश जब अपराधी परदात गया होता
  - (b) कोई अभियुक्त केवल एक आधार पर अद्वितीय हो जाना है कि वह किसी एक अपराधी के अपने अनुपस्थिति के आधार पर की गई है।
- पारा 134 के अनुसार किसी राज्य को सक्षित करने के लिए सहायी की किसी विधिगत संस्था का होगा आवश्यक करना

अतः किन्हीं परिस्थितियों में एक लक्ष्य भी पर्याप्त हो सकता है और उसके बचाने के आधार पर लोभी ठहराया जा सकता है और ऐसा समझित वह अपराधी भी हो सकता है।

**संप्रति:** यह अपराधी के सामने को न्यायालय संदेह की दृष्टि से देखता है क्योंकि यह बात सत्य है कि कोई चाले से कार्यकृत उत्पन्न किसी अन्य कार्यकृत उत्पन्न की संप्रति नहीं कर सकता।

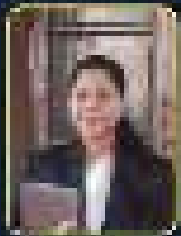


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# MEET OUR TOPPERS

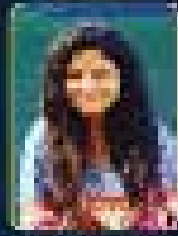
## 150+ Judges all over India



Agnita Mittal



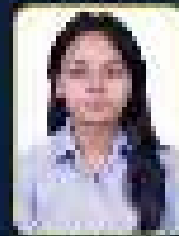
Anamika Singh



Anshika Singh



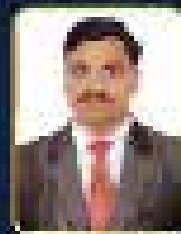
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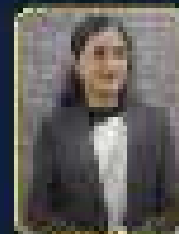
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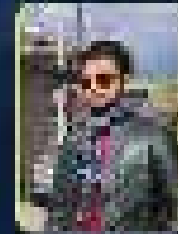
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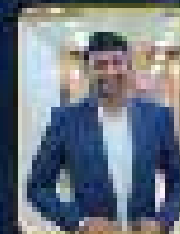
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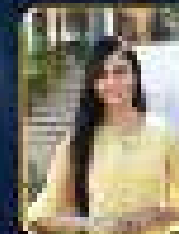
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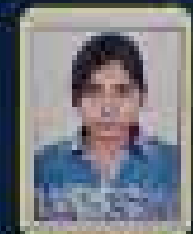
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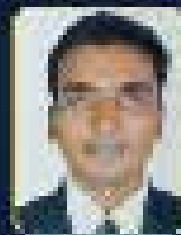
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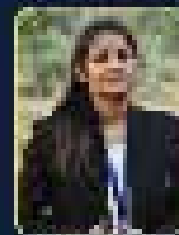
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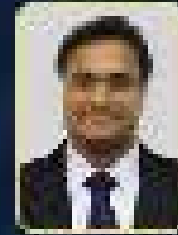
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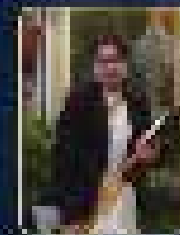
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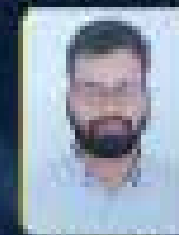
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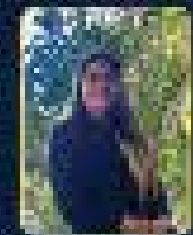
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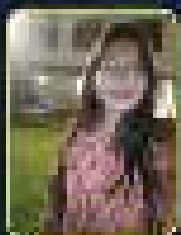
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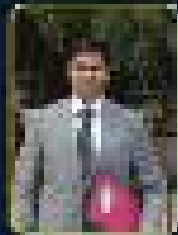
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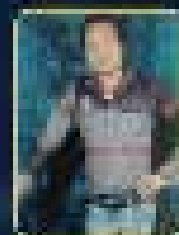
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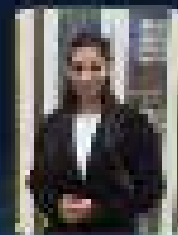
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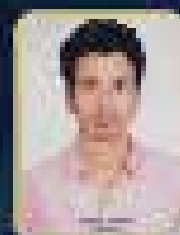
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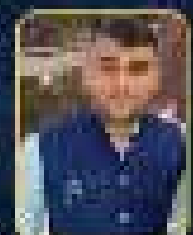
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Anshika Singh



Anshika Singh

And many more



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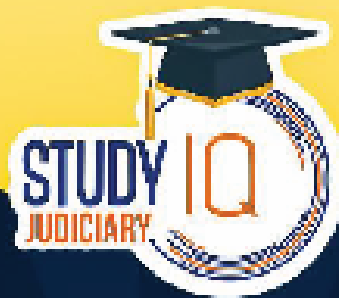
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*Congratulates*  
**To All The Selected Candidates**  
**We Are Proud of You**



**Ghufrana Naaz t**  
**Rank 2 (EBC)**

**Farha Nishat**  
**Rank - 8 (BC)**

**Brijesh Kumar**  
**Rank 12**

**Habiba Bukhari**  
**Rank 30**

**10+ Selections in BPSC-J 2024**





# 15+ SELECTIONS IN HJS 2024



**Rakesh Kumar**



**Aachman Shekhar**



**Vartika Misra**



**Tanuj Handuja**



**Naveen Kumar**



**Devansh Singh**

# *Congratulations*

**To All the Selected Candidates  
We are Proud of You!**